# METCALFE COUNTY REPORT OF ENDANGERED, THREATENED, AND SPECIAL CONCERN PLANTS, ANIMALS, AND NATURAL COMMUNITIES OF KENTUCKY

PRESERVES COMMISSION 801 SCHENKEL LANE FRANKFORT, KY 40601 (502) 573-2886 (phone) (502) 573-2355 (fax)

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# Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission Key for County List Report

Within a county, elements are arranged first by taxonomic complexity (plants first, natural communities last), and second by scientific name. A key to status, ranks, and count data fields follows.

### **STATUS**

KSNPC: Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission status:

USESA: U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service status:

SOMC = Species of Management Concern

## **RANKS**

GRANK: Estimate of element abundance on a global scale:

G1 = Critically imperiled GU = Unrankable

G2 = Imperiled G#? = Inexact rank (e.g. G2?)
G3 = Vulnerable G#Q = Questionable taxonomy

G4 = Apparently secure G#T# = Infraspecific taxa (Subspecies and variety abundances are coded with a 'T' suffix; the 'G'

G5 = Secure portion of the rank then refers to the entire species)

GH = Historic, possibly extinct GNR = Unranked GX = Presumed extinct GNA = Not applicable

SRANK: Estimate of element abundance in Kentucky:

S1 = Critically imperiled SU = Unrankable Migratory species may have separate ranks for different

S2 = Imperiled S#? = Inexact rank (e.g. G2?) population segments (e.g. S1B, S2N, S4M):

S3 = Vulnerable S#Q = Questionable taxonomy S#B = Rank of breeding population
S4 = Apparently secure S#T# = Infraspecific taxa S#N = Rank of non-breeding population
S5 = Secure SNR = Unranked S#M = Rank of transient population

SH = Historic, possibly extirpated SNA = Not applicable

SX = Presumed extirpated

### **COUNT DATA FIELDS**

# OF OCCURRENCES: Number of occurrences of a particular element from a county. Column headings are as follows:

- E currently reported from the county
- H reported from the county but not seen for at least 20 years
- F reported from county & cannot be relocated but for which further inventory is needed
- X known to be extirpated from the county
- U reported from a county but cannot be mapped to a quadrangle or exact location.

The data from which the county report is generated is continually updated. The date on which the report was created is in the report footer. Contact KSNPC for a current copy of the report.

Please note that the quantity and quality of data collected by the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program are dependent on the research and observations of many individuals and organizations. In most cases, this information is not the result of comprehensive or site-specific field surveys; many natural areas in Kentucky have never been thoroughly surveyed, and new species of plants and animals are still being discovered. For these reasons, the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program cannot provide a definitive statement on the presence, absence, or condition of biological elements in any part of Kentucky. Heritage reports summarize the existing information known to the Kentucky Natural Heritage Program at the time of the request regarding the biological elements or locations in question. They should never be regarded as final statements on the elements or areas being considered, nor should they be substituted for on-site surveys required for environmental assessments.

KSNPC appreciates the submission of any endangered species data for Kentucky from field observations. For information on data reporting or other data services provided by KSNPC, please contact the Data Manager at:

Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission 801 Schenkel Lane Frankfort, KY 40601 phone: (502) 573-2886

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County Report of Endangered, Threatened, and Special Concern Plants, Animals, and Natural Communities of Kentucky Kentucky State Nature Preserves Commission

County	Taxonomic Group	Scientific name	Common name	Statuses	Ranks	# of Occurrences				
Habi						E	Н	F	Χ	U
Metcalfe Open	Vascular Plants  oak hickory forest on the hig	Helianthus eggertii ghland rim in KY; rocky hills and barrens and roads	Eggert's Sunflower side remnants of this habitat.	T/	G3 / S2	1	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe Pine	Vascular Plants barrens, savannas, and sand	Ludwigia hirtella dy soil or peaty swamps.	Hairy Ludwigia	E/	G5 / S1	0	1	0	0	0
Metcalfe Peaty	Vascular Plants y or muddy acid waters or sho	Potamogeton pulcher ores, ponds (especially sinkhole), slow streams, and	Spotted Pondweed nd swamps.	Τ/	G5 / S1S2	2	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe UPLA	Vascular Plants AND TO BOTTOMLAND LIM	Ulmus serotina ESTONE WOODS, ALLUVIAL TERRACES.	September Elm	S/	G4 / S3	2	0	0	0	0
		Simpsonaias ambigua STRATE SUCH AS SOFT MUD AND/OR GRAVE ER 1928, BUCHANAN 1980, GOODRICH AND VA	·	T / SOMC OW WATER IN SMALL ST	G3 / S2S3 REAMS WHERE TH	1 IE	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe INHA	Freshwater Mussels BITS SMALL TO MEDIUM-S	Villosa lienosa SIZED RIVERS, USUALLY IN SHALLOW WATER	Little Spectaclecase ON A SAND/MUD/DETRITUS BOTTOM (PARM	S / MALEE 1967, GORDON A	G5 / S3S4 ND LAYZER 1989).	5	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe LIVE	Crustaceans S UNDER OR NEAR LARGE	Barbicambarus cornutus E, FLAT COBBLES OR BOULDERS IN STREAMS	Bottlebrush Crayfish	S/	G3G4 / S2	1	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe SPRI	Insects NG-FED STREAMS IN KAR	Allocapnia cunninghami ST HABITATS.	A Capniid Stonefly	Τ/	G1 / S1S2	1	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe DECI	Insects IDUOUS OR MIXED WOODS	Erora laeta S OFTEN ALONG DIRT ROADS OR OPEN RID	Early Hairstreak GETOPS (OPLER AND MALIKUL 1992).	Τ/	G3G4 / S1	0	0	0	1	0
		Etheostoma maculatum STREAMS WHERE IT OCCURS AMONG COARS DRACH AND RANEY 1967, STILES 1972, BURR A	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	T / SOMC FT RIFFLES AND SHOA	G2 / S2 LS (KUEHNE AND	2	0	0	0	0
	Fishes BITS MEDIUM-SIZE STREA REN 1986).	Phenacobius uranops  MS TO SMALL RIVERS WITH HIGH GRADIENT	Stargazing Minnow PERMANENT FLOW, CLEAR WATER, AND P	S / EBBLE AND GRAVEL SU	G4 / S2S3 JBSTRATES (BURR	0 AND	2	0	0	0
		Thoburnia atripinnis WATER, ALTERNATING POOLS AND RIFFLES. 1959, ETNIER AND STARNES 1993, TIMMONS		S / SOMC EL BOTTOMS, UNDERC	G2 / S2 UT BANKS, AND	1	0	0	0	0
		Ammodramus henslowii GRASS INTERSPERSED W/ WEEDS OR SHRUE ER ALSO IN GRASSY AREAS ADJACENT TO PII	,	S / SOMC AREAS, ADJACENT TO S	G4 / S3B SALT MARSH IN SO	1 ME	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe Gray	Mammals bats use primarily caves thro	Myotis grisescens bughout the year, although they move from one ca	Gray Myotis we to another seasonally. Males and young of the	T / LE e year use different caves	G3 / S2 in summer than fem	1 ales.	0	0	0	0
Metcalfe	Communities	Shrub swamp		1	GNR / S2S3	3	0	0	0	0

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